

**SECTION I: MATERIAL AND MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION**

MANUFACTURER'S NAME <b>CPR Division, The Upjohn Company</b>		EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. <b>(213) 320-3550</b>
ADDRESS (NUMBER, STREET, CITY, STATE AND ZIP CODE) <b>555 Alaska Avenue, Torrance, California 90503</b>		
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS <b>Toluene diisocyanate (TDI)</b>	TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS (QPL 1956 Type 2 & 3) <b>Isonate® CPR 2033C Component A</b>	
CHEMICAL FAMILY <b>Isocyanate</b>	FORMULA <b>CH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(NCO)<sub>2</sub></b>	

**SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS\***

PAINTS, PRESERVATIVES/SOLVENTS	%	TLV (UNITS)	ALLOYS AND METALLIC COATINGS	%	TLV (UNITS)
PIGMENTS			BASE METAL		
CATALYST			ALLOYS		
VEHICLE			METALLIC COATINGS		
SOLVENTS			FILLER METAL PLUS COATING OR CORE FLUX		
ADDITIVES			OTHERS		
OTHERS					
HAZARDOUS MIXTURES OF OTHER LIQUIDS, SOLIDS, OR GASES*				%	TLV (UNITS)
Toluene diisocyanate				100	0.02 ppm

**SECTION III: PHYSICAL DATA**

BOILING POINT (°F)	484	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	77°F	1.22
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	77°F	0.01	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	100
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)	6	EVAPORATION RATE (Water = 1)		> 1
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Reacts			

APPEARANCE AND ODOR **Colorless to yellow liquid; pungent irritating odor**

**SECTION IV: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

FLASH POINT (METHOD USED)	270°F. Tag Open Cup	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	Lel	Uel
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Water, CO <sub>2</sub> , foam, dry chemical		Unknown	Unknown

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**

Excessive heat and thermal decomposition generates irritating and possibly toxic fumes and isocyanate vapors. Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS**

\*PLEASE DO NOT USE GENERALIZATIONS, SUCH AS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS, ALCOHOL, KETONES. USE SPECIFIC CHEMICAL NAMES, SUCH AS METHANOL, BENZENE, PERCHLOROETHYLENE.

# SECTION V: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE

0.02 ppm

## EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Lachrymator. Irritates eyes, nose and throat. Massive exposure to high vapor concentration may cause bronchitis, bronchial spasm or pulmonary edema. May be allergenic.

## EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Remove from contaminated area. If breathing is labored, oxygen should be administered by trained personnel. Obtain medical attention.

# SECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY	UNSTABLE		CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	STABLE	X	Excessive heat

## INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

Atmospheric moisture, strong bases.

## HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Isocyanate vapors, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, traces of nitrogen oxides and HCN.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR		CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	WILL NOT OCCUR	X	Moisture. Confinement in a closed container in the

presence of moisture may lead to dangerous pressure (CO<sub>2</sub>) generation.

# SECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

## STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Cover spill with sawdust or other absorbent material. Neutralize with dilute aqueous ammonia/isopropanol solution. Neutralized material (solid polyurea) is innocuous.

## WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Sweep up. Dispose of by any standard method consistent with good industrial practice.

# SECTION VIII: SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE)

In confined areas, chemical cartridge respirator or independent air supply face mask.

VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST	Recommended	SPECIAL
	MECHANICAL (GENERAL)	Recommended	OTHER

PROTECTIVE GLOVES	Recommended	EYE PROTECTION	In face mask or wear chemical goggles.
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OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT  
None required

# SECTION IX: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Store in unopened containers at 70-90°F. If entire content of container is not used at one time, replace outage with dry nitrogen.

## OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Mildly toxic. LD<sub>50</sub> exceeds 5000 mg/kg in rats. Do not ingest.

S. J. Assony, Ph.D.

19 December 1972

PREPARED BY

DATE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR  
WORKPLACE STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION  
BUREAU OF LABOR STANDARDS  
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION I: MATERIAL AND MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER'S NAME CPR Division, The Upjohn Company		EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (213) 320-3550
ADDRESS (NUMBER, STREET, CITY, STATE AND ZIP CODE) 555 Alaska Avenue, Torrance, California 90503		
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS Polyadipate ester polyol monoammonium phosphate		TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS (QPL 1956 Type 2 & 3) Isonate® CPR 2033C Component B
CHEMICAL FAMILY DNA (mixture)	FORMULA DNA (mixture)	

## SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS\*

PAINTS, PRESERVATIVES/SOLVENTS	%	TLV (UNITS)	ALLOYS AND METALLIC COATINGS	%	TLV (UNITS)
PIGMENTS Titanium dioxide	7	Unknown	BASE METAL		
CATALYST			ALLOYS		
VEHICLE			METALLIC COATINGS		
SOLVENTS			FILLER METAL PLUS COATING OR CORE FLUX		
ADDITIVES			OTHERS		
OTHERS					
HAZARDOUS MIXTURES OF OTHER LIQUIDS, SOLIDS, OR GASES*				%	TLV (UNITS)
Polyadipate ester polyol				75	Unknown
Monoammonium phosphate				15	

## SECTION III: PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (°F)	DNA	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	1.1
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	Nil	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	Nil
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)	DNA	EVAPORATION RATE (_____ = 1)	DNA
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Nil		

APPEARANCE AND ODOR Grey pasty resinous mixture. Very little odor.

## SECTION IV: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (METHOD USED)	>300°F. (C.O.C.)	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	Lel	Uel
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Water, foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , dry chemical		None known	None known
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	None required.			

## UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Thermal decomposition of monoammonium phosphate produces ammonia

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USE SPECIFIC CHEMICAL NAMES, SUCH AS METHANOL, BENZENE, PERCHLOROETHYLENE.

## SECTION V: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

## THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE

Unknown

## EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

None

## EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

None required

## SECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY	UNSTABLE		CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	STABLE	X	DNA

## INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

DNA

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS Thermal decomposition produces ammonia, CO, CO<sub>2</sub> and traces of nitrogen oxides and HCN

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR		CONDITIONS TO AVOID
	WILL NOT OCCUR	X	

## SECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

## STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Cover with sawdust or other absorbent material. Sweep up. Wash down area with methylene chloride, observing manufacturer's precautions.

## WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose of by any standard method consistent with good industrial practice for viscous liquids. May be incinerated.

## SECTION VIII: SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE)

None required. When used with CPR 2033C Component A, see Safety Data Sheet.

VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST When used with Component A	SPECIAL --
	MECHANICAL (GENERAL) When used with Component A	OTHER --

## PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Not required

## EYE PROTECTION

Chemical goggles

## OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

None required

## SECTION IX: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Store in unopened containers at 70-90°F.

## OTHER PRECAUTIONS

None required.

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